



CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
MARCH 31, 2013

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

[in thousands of Canadian dollars, unaudited]

	As at March 31, 2013 \$	As at December 31, 2012 \$
ASSETS		
Current		
Cash and cash equivalents	44,144	76,592
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts <i>[note 11[b]]</i>	193,856	175,159
Unbilled revenue <i>[note 11[b]]</i>	274,325	278,086
Income tax receivable	3,354	7,879
Inventories	7,711	7,555
Regulatory assets <i>[note 7]</i>	1,102	1,658
Other assets	6,700	5,363
Total current assets	531,192	552,292
Property, plant and equipment, net <i>[note 5]</i>	2,565,727	2,526,666
Intangible assets, net <i>[note 6]</i>	142,272	134,080
Regulatory assets <i>[note 7]</i>	125,724	119,556
Other assets	12,240	12,442
Deferred income tax assets	187,564	194,318
Total assets	3,564,719	3,539,354
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY		
Current		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities <i>[note 11[b]]</i>	419,269	383,371
Restructuring accrual	8,210	11,954
Customers' advance deposits	38,252	40,048
Deferred conservation credit	25,808	20,316
Debentures <i>[note 9]</i>	470,054	470,050
Post-retirement benefits <i>[note 10]</i>	9,447	9,925
Other liabilities <i>[note 15]</i>	1,962	1,850
Total current liabilities	973,002	937,514
Customers' advance deposits	6,806	6,790
Debentures <i>[note 9]</i>	999,552	999,540
Post-retirement benefits <i>[note 10]</i>	245,841	243,965
Other liabilities <i>[note 15]</i>	9,345	9,385
Regulatory liabilities <i>[note 7]</i>	190,197	196,809
Asset retirement obligations	5,118	5,079
Total liabilities	2,429,861	2,399,082
Commitments, contingencies and subsequent events <i>[notes 2, 15 and 16]</i>		
Shareholder's equity		
Share capital <i>[note 13]</i>	567,817	567,817
Retained earnings	567,041	572,455
Total shareholder's equity	1,134,858	1,140,272
Total liabilities and shareholder's equity	3,564,719	3,539,354

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the interim consolidated financial statements.

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

[in thousands of Canadian dollars, except for per share amounts, unaudited]

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2013 \$	2012 \$
Revenues	756,880	699,660
Costs		
Purchased power	612,265	562,430
Operating expenses	70,108	68,182
Depreciation and amortization	34,714	35,428
	717,087	666,040
Income before the following:	39,793	33,620
Net financing charges	(18,594)	(18,650)
Restructuring costs	-	(27,796)
Income (loss) before income taxes	21,199	(12,826)
Income tax expense	2,618	-
Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) for the period	18,581	(12,826)
Basic and fully diluted net income (loss) per share <i>[note 13]</i>	18,581	(12,826)

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY

[in thousands of Canadian dollars, unaudited]

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2013 \$	2012 \$
Share capital <i>[note 13]</i>	567,817	567,817
Retained earnings, beginning of period	572,455	534,431
Net income (loss) for the period	18,581	(12,826)
Dividends <i>[notes 13 and 14]</i>	(23,995)	(28,966)
Retained earnings, end of period	567,041	492,639
Total shareholder's equity	1,134,858	1,060,456

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the interim consolidated financial statements.

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

[in thousands of Canadian dollars, unaudited]

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2013 \$	2012 \$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income (loss) for the period	18,581	(12,826)
Adjustments for non-cash items		
Depreciation and amortization	34,714	35,428
Change in other non-current assets	68	279
Change in other non-current liabilities	231	(1,212)
Restructuring accrual	-	8,022
Post-retirement benefits	1,398	2,177
Deferred income taxes	130	12
Changes in non-cash working capital balances <i>[note 17]</i>	25,799	24,504
Net cash provided by operating activities	80,921	56,384
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment <i>[note 5]</i>	(69,044)	(43,301)
Purchase of intangible assets <i>[note 6]</i>	(12,679)	(22,077)
Proceeds from investments	-	34,000
Net change in regulatory assets and liabilities	(5,600)	(17,861)
Proceeds on disposals of property, plant and equipment	202	501
Net cash used in investing activities	(87,121)	(48,738)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Dividends paid <i>[notes 13 and 14]</i>	(23,995)	(28,966)
Increase (decrease) in customers' advance deposits	(1,780)	646
Repayment of capital lease liability	(473)	(450)
Net cash used in financing activities	(26,248)	(28,770)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents during the period	(32,448)	(21,124)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	76,592	154,256
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	44,144	133,132
Supplementary cash flow information		
Total interest paid	254	263
Total income taxes paid (recovered)	(3,106)	3,330

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the interim consolidated financial statements.



NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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[all tabular amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars, unaudited]

1. INCORPORATION

On June 23, 1999, Toronto Hydro Corporation [the "Corporation"] was incorporated under the *Business Corporations Act* (Ontario), and is wholly-owned by the City of Toronto [the "City"]. The incorporation was required in accordance with the provincial government's *Electricity Act, 1998* (Ontario).

The Corporation supervises the operations and provides corporate, management services and strategic direction to two subsidiaries incorporated under the *Business Corporations Act* (Ontario) and wholly-owned by the Corporation:

[i] Toronto Hydro-Electric System Limited ["LDC"] (incorporated June 23, 1999) – distributes electricity to customers located in the City and is subject to rate regulation. LDC is also engaged in the delivery of Conservation and Demand Management activities; and

[ii] Toronto Hydro Energy Services Inc. (incorporated June 23, 1999) – provides street lighting services.

The principal business of the Corporation and its subsidiaries is the distribution of electricity by LDC.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

These unaudited interim consolidated financial statements of the Corporation have been prepared in accordance with United States ["US"] Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ["GAAP"] with respect to the preparation of interim financial information, and are presented in Canadian dollars. The disclosures in these statements do not conform in all respects to the requirements of US GAAP for annual consolidated financial statements. These consolidated financial statements follow the same accounting policies and methods of application as the audited consolidated financial statements of the Corporation for the year ended December 31, 2012, except as disclosed in note 4, and should be read in conjunction with those statements. The Ontario Securities Commission granted an exemption to allow the Corporation to file financial statements under US GAAP for the years commencing on or after January 1, 2012 but before January 1, 2015.

The Corporation has evaluated the events and transactions occurring after the interim consolidated balance sheet date through May 16, 2013 when the Corporation's interim consolidated financial statements were available to be issued after the approval by the Corporation's Board of Directors, and identified the events and transactions which required recognition in the interim consolidated financial statements and/or disclosure in the notes to the interim consolidated financial statements [notes 3, 9, 13, 15, and 16].

3. REGULATION

Regulatory developments in Ontario's electricity industry, including current and possible future consultations between the Ontario Energy Board [the "OEB"] and interested stakeholders, may affect LDC's electricity distribution rates and other permitted recoveries in the future.

Electricity Distribution Rates

On May 10, 2012, LDC filed an application for electricity distribution rates for 2012, 2013, and 2014 using the Incentive Regulation Mechanism ["IRM"] framework, including the filing of an Incremental Capital Module ["ICM"] application [the "IRM/ICM Application"].

On October 31, 2012, LDC submitted an update to its IRM/ICM Application modifying the requested capital expenditures for 2012 and 2013 to \$283,000,000 and \$579,100,000, respectively, and requesting that consideration for 2014 be deferred to a second phase of the proceeding, once LDC had received a decision from the OEB in

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respect of phase one. On November 3, 2012, the OEB accepted LDC's request for a two-phase proceeding: phase one comprising LDC's 2012 and 2013 work program proposals and phase two comprising LDC's 2014 work program proposal.

On April 2, 2013, the OEB issued a partial decision and order for phase one of the proceeding comprising LDC's 2012 and 2013 work program proposals. The OEB's decision determined that eligible capital funding under the ICM framework was to be calculated on an in-service basis. This correlates to the approval of capital expenditures amounting to \$203,330,000 for 2012 and \$484,220,000 for 2013. New rates will become effective June 1, 2013. It should be noted that in 2015, LDC will be allowed to seek recovery for capital spent in 2012 and 2013 that has not yet been approved by the OEB in the current ICM decision due to the standard operation of the regulatory model.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Use of estimates

The preparation of the Corporation's unaudited interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with US GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions which affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the interim consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses for the period. The estimates are based on historical experience, current conditions and various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities as well as identifying and assessing the accounting treatment with respect to commitments and contingencies. Significant areas requiring the use of management estimates relate to unbilled revenue, regulatory assets and liabilities, environmental liabilities and asset retirement obligations, employee future benefits, income taxes (including deferred income taxes), and revenue recognition. Actual results could differ from those estimates, including changes as a result of future decisions made by the OEB, the Ministry of Energy of Ontario, or the Ministry of Finance of Ontario.

b) Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Accounting Standards Update ["ASU"] No. 2011-11, "Balance Sheet (Topic 210): *Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities*" ["ASU 2011-11"]. The amendments require an entity to disclose both gross and net information about financial instruments and transactions eligible for offset in the consolidated balance sheets. ASU 2011-11 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning on or after January 1, 2013. Retrospective application is required. The ASU No. 2013-01, "Balance Sheet (Topic 210): *Clarifying the Scope of Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities*", was issued in January 2013 to amend the scope of ASU 2011-11 to clarify that the disclosure requirements are limited to derivatives, repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements, and securities borrowing and lending transactions that are either offset in the consolidated balance sheets or subject to enforceable master netting arrangements or similar agreements. The adoption of these amendments did not impact the Corporation's consolidated balance sheets and related disclosures.

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5. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment consist of the following:

	March 31 2013			December 31 2012		
	Cost \$	Accumulated depreciation \$	Net book value \$	Cost \$	Accumulated depreciation \$	Net book value \$
Land	16,747	—	16,747	16,747	—	16,747
Distribution lines	3,013,689	1,502,817	1,510,872	2,978,511	1,488,060	1,490,451
Transformers	676,173	382,320	293,853	672,981	377,900	295,081
Stations	286,456	147,676	138,780	286,229	145,601	140,628
Meters	250,962	136,237	114,725	243,152	133,789	109,363
Buildings	160,967	71,024	89,943	160,368	69,248	91,120
Rolling stock	72,527	44,961	27,566	73,239	43,834	29,405
Other capital assets	70,885	48,763	22,122	70,850	47,889	22,961
Equipment and tools	46,221	34,494	11,727	45,613	33,936	11,677
Computer hardware	52,396	41,060	11,336	50,511	40,003	10,508
Assets under capital lease	13,843	3,446	10,397	13,538	2,948	10,590
Communications	32,409	27,070	5,339	32,082	26,597	5,485
Construction in progress	312,320	—	312,320	292,650	—	292,650
	5,005,595	2,439,868	2,565,727	4,936,471	2,409,805	2,526,666

For the three months ended March 31, 2013, an Allowance for Funds Used During Construction [“AFUDC”] in the amount of \$150,000 [three months ended March 31, 2012 - \$284,000] was capitalized to property, plant and equipment and credited to net financing charges.

As at March 31, 2013, the net book value of stranded meters related to the deployment of smart meters amounting to \$17,017,000 [December 31, 2012 - \$17,647,000] was included in property, plant and equipment. In the absence of rate regulation, property, plant and equipment would have been \$17,017,000 lower as at March 31, 2013 [December 31, 2012 - \$17,647,000 lower].

For the three months ended March 31, 2013, capital contributions in the amount of \$2,920,000 [three months ended March 31, 2012 - \$2,927,000] were credited to property, plant and equipment.

For the three months ended March 31, 2013, the Corporation recorded depreciation expense of \$30,227,000 [three months ended March 31, 2012 - \$29,765,000] of which \$498,000 [three months ended March 31, 2012 - \$519,000] related to assets under capital lease.

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6. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets consist of the following:

	March 31 2013			December 31 2012		
	Cost \$	Accumulated amortization \$	Net book value \$	Cost \$	Accumulated amortization \$	Net book value \$
Computer software	247,845	178,697	69,148	242,254	174,410	67,844
Contributions	19,649	2,375	17,274	19,649	2,175	17,474
Software in development	10,773	—	10,773	14,210	—	14,210
Contributions for work in progress	45,077	—	45,077	34,552	—	34,552
	323,344	181,072	142,272	310,665	176,585	134,080

For the three months ended March 31, 2013, the Corporation acquired \$12,679,000 of intangible assets [three months ended March 31, 2012 - \$22,077,000]. Contributions for work in progress relate to payments for connection projects to increase electricity distribution system capacity. All intangible assets are subject to amortization when they become available for use. Software in development and contributions for work in progress relate to assets not currently available for use and therefore are not amortized.

For the three months ended March 31, 2013, \$5,591,000 of software in development was transferred to computer software [three months ended March 31, 2012 - \$1,460,000].

For the three months ended March 31, 2013, AFUDC in the amount of \$345,000 [three months ended March 31, 2012 - \$269,000] was capitalized to intangible assets and credited to net financing charges.

For the three months ended March 31, 2013, the Corporation recorded amortization expense on intangible assets of \$4,487,000 [three months ended March 31, 2012 - \$5,663,000].

7. REGULATORY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Regulatory assets consist of the following:

	March 31 2013 \$	December 31 2012 \$
Post-retirement benefits	60,991	61,499
Smart meters	54,133	55,599
Settlement variances	9,755	1,071
Regulatory assets recovery account	1,368	2,466
Other	579	579
Total regulatory assets	126,826	121,214
Less: Current portion of regulatory assets	1,102	1,658
Long-term portion of regulatory assets	125,724	119,556

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Regulatory liabilities consist of the following:

	March 31 2013 \$	December 31 2012 \$
Deferred income taxes	186,652	193,276
Income and other taxes variance account	2,407	2,398
Other	1,138	1,135
Total regulatory liabilities	190,197	196,809
Less: Current portion of regulatory liabilities	—	—
Long-term portion of regulatory liabilities	190,197	196,809

For the three months ended March 31, 2013, LDC disposed of approved regulatory assets amounting to \$1,088,000 through permitted distribution rate adjustments [three months ended March 31, 2012 - net regulatory liabilities of \$8,848,000].

The regulatory assets and liabilities of the Corporation consist of the following:

a) Post-Retirement Benefits

This regulatory asset account relates to the expected future electricity distribution charges to customers arising from timing differences in the recognition of actuarial losses and prior service costs of other post-retirement benefits. In the absence of rate regulation, these amounts would be recorded in other comprehensive income and accumulated other comprehensive income. The amount is amortized over the same period as the corresponding actuarial losses and prior service costs. The period in which recovery is expected cannot be determined at this time.

b) Smart Meters

The smart meters regulatory asset account relates to Ontario's decision to install smart meters throughout Ontario. LDC substantially completed its smart meter project as at December 31, 2010. In connection with this initiative, the OEB ordered LDC to record all expenditures and related revenues from 2008 to 2010 to a regulatory asset account and allowed LDC to keep the net book value of the stranded meters in property, plant and equipment. Effective January 1, 2011, LDC has recorded smart meter costs in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets as a regular distribution activity as directed by the OEB. LDC expects to apply to the OEB in the future for both the transfer of the 2008 to 2010 smart meter costs from regulatory assets to property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, and the transfer of the net book value of the stranded meters from property, plant and equipment to regulatory assets.

As at March 31, 2013, smart meter capital expenditures, net of accumulated depreciation, totalling \$51,298,000 were recorded to regulatory assets [December 31, 2012 - \$52,865,000]. These expenditures would otherwise have been recorded as property, plant and equipment and intangible assets under US GAAP for unregulated businesses. In the absence of rate regulation, property, plant and equipment and intangible assets would have been \$49,087,000 and \$2,211,000 higher, respectively, as at March 31, 2013 [December 31, 2012 - \$50,234,000 and \$2,631,000 higher, respectively].

For the three months ended March 31, 2013, smart meter depreciation expense of \$1,567,000 [three months ended March 31, 2012 - \$1,590,000] were deferred which would have been expensed under US GAAP for unregulated businesses. In the absence of rate regulation, for the three months ended March 31, 2013, depreciation expense would have been \$1,567,000 higher [three months ended March 31, 2012 - \$1,590,000 higher].

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For the three months ended March 31, 2013, smart meter customer revenues of \$1,486,000 were deferred [three months ended March 31, 2012 - \$1,432,000]. In the absence of rate regulation, for the three months ended March 31, 2013, revenue would have been \$1,486,000 higher [three months ended March 31, 2012 - \$1,432,000 higher].

c) Settlement Variances

This account is comprised of the variances between amounts charged by LDC to customers, based on regulated rates, and the corresponding cost of non-competitive electricity service incurred by LDC. The settlement variances relate primarily to service charges, non-competitive electricity charges and the global adjustment. Accordingly, LDC has deferred the variances between the costs incurred and the related recoveries in accordance with the criteria set out in the accounting principles prescribed by the OEB.

The balance for settlement variances continues to be calculated and attracts carrying charges in accordance with the OEB's direction. For the three months ended March 31, 2013, settlement variances of \$nil were disposed through rate adjustments [three months ended March 31, 2012 - \$9,229,000].

d) Regulatory Assets Recovery Account

The Regulatory Assets Recovery Account ["RARA"] consists of balances of regulatory assets or regulatory liabilities approved for disposition by the OEB through rate riders. The RARA is subject to carrying charges following the OEB prescribed methodology and related rates.

On April 9, 2010, the OEB approved the disposition of net regulatory liabilities of \$68,140,000, consisting of credit balances for settlement variances and income and other taxes variances of \$58,225,000 and \$11,900,000, respectively, and intangible assets debit balance of \$1,985,000, over a two-year period commencing on May 1, 2010 and ending on April 30, 2012.

On October 29, 2010, the OEB approved the disposition of regulatory assets of \$5,296,000, for amounts in connection with the contact voltage remediation activities, for the period commencing on November 1, 2010 and ending on April 30, 2012.

On February 22, 2011, the OEB approved the disposition of the Late Payment Penalties Settlement regulatory asset of \$7,526,000, over a 21-month period commencing on August 1, 2011 and ending on April 30, 2013.

On July 7, 2011, the OEB approved the disposition of net regulatory liabilities of \$8,572,000, consisting of credit balances for settlement variances, income and other taxes variances and 2008 RARA residual of \$7,460,000, \$3,373,000, and \$789,000, respectively, and an International Financial Reporting Standards cost debit balance of \$3,050,000, over a nine-month period commencing on August 1, 2011 and ending on April 30, 2012.

e) Deferred Income Taxes

This regulatory liability account relates to the expected future electricity distribution rate reduction for customers arising from timing differences in the recognition of deferred income tax assets.

As at March 31, 2013, LDC recorded a deferred income tax asset and a corresponding regulatory liability of \$186,652,000 [December 31, 2012 - \$193,276,000] with respect to its rate-regulated activities that will be included in the rate-setting process.

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f) Income and Other Taxes Variance Account

The income and other taxes variance regulatory liability account relates to the differences that have resulted from a legislative or regulatory change to the tax rates or rules assumed in the rate adjustment model. As at March 31, 2013, the balance in this account consisted of an over-recovery from customers of \$2,407,000 [December 31, 2012 - \$2,398,000].

8. CREDIT FACILITIES

The Corporation is a party to a revolving credit facility expiring on October 10, 2017 ["Revolving Credit Facility"], pursuant to which the Corporation may borrow up to \$600,000,000, of which up to \$210,000,000 is available in the form of letters of credit. The Corporation's Revolving Credit Facility also limits the debt to capitalization ratio to a maximum of 75%. As at March 31, 2013, the Corporation was in compliance with all covenants included in its Revolving Credit Facility.

Additionally, the Corporation is a party to:

- a demand facility with a Canadian chartered bank for \$75,000,000 for the purpose of issuing letters of credit mainly to support LDC's prudential requirements with the Independent Electricity System Operator ["Prudential Facility"]; and
- a demand facility with a second Canadian chartered bank for \$20,000,000 for the purpose of working capital management ["Working Capital Facility"].

As at March 31, 2013, no amounts had been drawn under either the Revolving Credit Facility or the Working Capital Facility [December 31, 2012 - \$nil]. As at March 31, 2013, \$49,775,000 had been drawn on the Prudential Facility [December 31, 2012 - \$49,227,000].

9. DEBENTURES

On April 9, 2013, the Corporation issued \$250,000,000 of 2.91% senior unsecured debentures due April 10, 2023 ["Series 8"] and \$200,000,000 of 3.96% senior unsecured debentures due April 9, 2063 ["Series 9"]. The Series 8 and Series 9 debentures bear interest payable semi-annually in arrears and contain covenants which, subject to certain exceptions, restrict the ability of the Corporation and LDC to create security interests, incur additional indebtedness or dispose of all or substantially all of their assets. The Corporation may redeem all or part of the Series 8 and Series 9 debentures prior to maturity at a price equal to the greater of the Canada Yield Price (determined in accordance with the terms of the debentures) and par, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the date fixed for redemption. The net proceeds of the debentures were used to repay the Corporation's Series 1 and Series 5 debentures which matured on May 7, 2013 and May 6, 2013.

10. EMPLOYEE FUTURE BENEFITS

a) Pension

The Corporation provides a pension plan for its full-time employees through Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System. For the three months ended March 31, 2013, the Corporation's contributions were \$5,729,000 [three months ended March 31, 2012 - \$5,185,000].

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b) Post-retirement benefits other than pension

The components of net periodic benefit cost are:

	Three months ended March 31	
	2013 \$	2012 \$
Service cost	1,235	1,288
Interest cost	2,696	2,914
Amortization of net actuarial loss	507	762
Amortization of prior service cost	2	266
Net periodic benefit cost	4,440	5,230
Capitalized as part of property, plant and equipment	1,405	1,534
Charged to operations	3,035	3,696

11. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a) Recognition and measurement

As at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the fair values of cash and cash equivalents, net accounts receivable, unbilled revenue, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their carrying values due to short maturity of these instruments. The fair values of customers' advance deposits approximate their carrying values taking into account interest accrued on the outstanding balance. Obligations under capital lease are measured based on a discounted cash flow analysis and approximate the carrying value as management believes that the fixed interest rates are representative of current market rates.

The fair value of the debentures is calculated by discounting the related cash flows at the estimated yield to maturity of similar debt instruments, and is included in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. As at March 31, 2013, the fair values of the Corporation's debentures (including the current portion) were determined to be approximately \$1,605,639,000 [December 31, 2012 - \$1,615,860,000], with carrying values of \$1,469,606,000 [December 31, 2012 - \$1,469,590,000].

b) Financial Risks

The following is a discussion of financial risks and related mitigation strategies that have been identified by the Corporation for financial instruments. This is not an exhaustive list of all risks, nor will the mitigation strategies eliminate all risks listed.

The Corporation's financial activities provide for a variety of financial risks, particularly credit risk, interest rate risk and liquidity risk.

Credit risk

The Corporation is exposed to credit risk as a result of the risk of counterparties defaulting on their obligations. The Corporation's exposure to credit risk primarily relates to cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and unbilled revenue. The Corporation monitors and limits its exposure to credit risk on a continuous basis.

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The Corporation's credit risk associated with accounts receivable is primarily related to electricity bill payments from LDC customers. LDC has approximately 733,000 customers, the majority of which are residential. LDC obtains security instruments from certain customers in accordance with direction provided by the OEB. As at March 31, 2013, LDC held security deposits in the amount of \$45,058,000 [December 31, 2012 - \$46,838,000], of which \$23,514,000 [December 31, 2012 - \$25,666,000] were related to security deposits on Offers to Connect to guarantee the payment of additional costs relating to expansion projects.

Credit risk associated with accounts receivable and unbilled revenue is as follows:

	March 31 2013 \$	December 31 2012 \$
Unbilled revenue	274,325	278,086
Accounts receivable		
Outstanding for not more than 30 days	164,097	153,513
Outstanding for more than 30 days and not more than 120 days	28,142	18,231
Outstanding for more than 120 days	12,622	14,113
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(11,005)	(10,698)
Total accounts receivable, net	193,856	175,159
Total accounts receivable and unbilled revenue	468,181	453,245

Unbilled revenue represents amounts for which the Corporation has a contractual right to receive cash through future billings and are unbilled at period-end. Unbilled revenue is considered current and no allowance for doubtful accounts had been provided as at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012.

As at March 31, 2013, there were no significant concentrations of credit risk with respect to any customer. The credit risk related to cash and cash equivalents is mitigated by the Corporation's treasury policies on assessing and monitoring the credit exposures of counterparties. The Corporation's maximum exposure to credit risk is approximately equal to the carrying value of its financial assets.

Interest rate risk

The Corporation is exposed to interest rate risk on its cash and cash equivalents, net of the Corporation's short-term borrowings under its Revolving Credit Facility [note 8] and customers' advance deposits, which expose the Corporation to fluctuations in short-term interest rates. The Corporation attempts to minimize interest rate risk by reducing exposure to floating rate instruments, while ensuring that all payment obligations are met on an ongoing basis.

As at March 31, 2013, the Corporation has limited exposure to interest rate risk since its significant obligations are either non-interest bearing or bear fixed interest rates, and its financial assets are predominately short-term in nature and mostly non-interest bearing. The Corporation estimates that a 100 basis point increase (decrease) in short-term interest rates, with all other variables held constant, would result in an insignificant change to annual net financing charges.

Liquidity risk

The Corporation is exposed to liquidity risk related to its ability to fund its obligations as they become due. The Corporation monitors and manages its liquidity risk to ensure access to sufficient funds to meet operational and investing requirements. The Corporation has access to credit facilities and debt capital markets and monitors cash

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balances daily. The Corporation's objective is to ensure that sufficient liquidity is on hand to meet obligations as they fall due while minimizing net financing charges. Liquidity risks associated with financial commitments are as follows:

March 31, 2013						
	Due within 1 year \$	Due within 2 years \$	Due within 3 years \$	Due within 4 years \$	Due within 5 years \$	Due after 5 years \$
Financial liabilities						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities ⁽¹⁾	419,269	—	—	—	—	—
Obligations under capital lease	2,451	2,439	2,432	2,424	2,424	606
Senior unsecured debentures						
Series 1 – 6.11% due May 7, 2013	225,000	—	—	—	—	—
Series 2 – 5.15% due November 14, 2017	—	—	—	—	250,000	—
Series 3 – 4.49% due November 12, 2019	—	—	—	—	—	250,000
Series 5 – 6.11% due May 6, 2013	245,057	—	—	—	—	—
Series 6 – 5.54% due May 21, 2040	—	—	—	—	—	200,000
Series 7 – 3.54% due November 18, 2021	—	—	—	—	—	300,000
Interest payments on debentures	60,160	45,800	45,800	45,800	45,800	314,230
	951,937	48,239	48,232	48,224	298,224	1,064,836

⁽¹⁾ As at March 31, 2013, amount included \$28,673,000 of accrued interest on debentures.

Hedging and Derivative risk

As at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the Corporation had not entered into any hedging or derivative financial instruments.

Foreign exchange risk

As at March 31, 2013, the Corporation had limited exposure to the changing values of foreign currencies. While the Corporation purchases goods and services which are payable in US dollars, and purchases US currency to meet the related payables commitments when required, the impact of these transactions is not material to the interim consolidated financial statements.

12. FINANCIAL GUARANTEES

The City has authorized the Corporation to provide financial assistance to its subsidiaries, and LDC to provide financial assistance to other subsidiaries of the Corporation, in the form of letters of credit and guarantees, for the purpose of enabling them to carry on their businesses, up to an aggregate amount of \$500,000,000. As at March 31, 2013, the Corporation had drawn letters of credit in the amount of \$49,775,000 [December 31, 2012 - \$49,227,000] [note 8] on its Prudential Facility in respect of the operations of LDC.

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13. SHARE CAPITAL

Share capital consists of the following:

	March 31 2013 \$	December 31 2012 \$
Authorized The authorized share capital of the Corporation consists of an unlimited number of common shares		
Issued and outstanding 1,000 common shares	567,817	567,817

The weighted daily average number of shares outstanding for the three months ended March 31, 2013 was 1,000 [three months ended March 31, 2012 - 1,000]. Basic and fully diluted net income (loss) per share was determined by dividing the net income (loss) for the period by the weighted daily average number of shares outstanding.

Dividends

On February 28, 2013, the Board of Directors of the Corporation declared dividends in the amount of \$23,995,000. The dividends were comprised of \$17,995,000 with respect to net income for the year ended December 31, 2012, which was paid to the City on March 8, 2013, and \$6,000,000 with respect to the first quarter of 2013, which was paid to the City on March 28, 2013.

On May 16, 2013, the Board of Directors of the Corporation declared a dividend in the amount of \$6,500,000 with respect to the second quarter of 2013. The dividend is payable on June 28, 2013.

14. RELATED PARTIES

For the Corporation, transactions with related parties include transactions with the City. All transactions with the City are conducted at prevailing market prices and normal trade terms.

Revenues include amounts charged to the City primarily for electricity, street lighting and ancillary services. Operating expenses and capital expenditures include amounts charged by the City for purchased road cut repairs, property taxes and other services. Dividends are paid to the City [note 13].

Accounts receivable include receivables from the City primarily for electricity, street lighting and ancillary services. Unbilled revenue includes receivables from the City related to the provision of electricity and other services provided and not yet billed. Other assets include amounts primarily for prepaid land leases from the City. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities include amounts payable to the City relating to road cut repairs and other services, as well as funds received from the City for the construction of electricity distribution assets. Advance deposits include funds received from the City for future expansion projects.

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15. COMMITMENTS

Future capital commitments and operating lease obligations

As at March 31, 2013, the future minimum annual lease payments under property operating leases and future commitments with remaining terms from one to five years and thereafter were as follows:

	Future capital commitments ⁽³⁾	Operating lease obligations and other
	\$	\$
2013 ⁽¹⁾	5,078	5,121
2014	—	7,238
2015	—	6,336
2016	—	6,046
2017	—	2,294
Thereafter	—	—
Total amount of future minimum payments ⁽²⁾	5,078	27,035

⁽¹⁾ The amount disclosed represents the balance due over the period from April 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013.

⁽²⁾ Refer to note 11 for repayments of senior unsecured debentures excluded from the table above.

⁽³⁾ Reflect estimated capital contributions payable to Hydro One Networks Inc. under the Toronto Midtown Transmission Reinforcement Project.

Subsequent to March 31, 2013, the Corporation entered into capital commitments of approximately \$57,000,000 for construction services and capital contributions payable to Hydro One Networks Inc. of approximately \$18,000,000, both to be paid over the next two years in respect of the Bremner transformer station.

Capital lease obligations

As at March 31, 2013, the future minimum annual lease payments under capital leases with remaining lease terms from one to five years and thereafter were as follows:

	\$
2013 ⁽¹⁾	1,838
2014	2,443
2015	2,436
2016	2,424
2017	2,424
Thereafter	1,211
Total amount of future minimum lease payments	12,776
Less: interest and executory costs	1,469
	11,307
Current portion included in Other liabilities	1,962
Long-term portion included in Other liabilities	9,345

⁽¹⁾ The amount disclosed represents the balance due over the period from April 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013.

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16. CONTINGENCIES

a) *Legal Proceedings*

In the ordinary course of business, the Corporation is subject to various litigation and claims with customers, suppliers, former employees and other parties. On an ongoing basis, the Corporation assesses the likelihood of any adverse judgments or outcomes as well as potential ranges of probable costs and losses. A determination of the provision required, if any, for these contingencies is made after an analysis of each individual issue. The provision may change in the future due to new developments in each matter or changes in approach, such as a change in settlement strategy. The Corporation and its subsidiaries are subject to various legal actions that arise in the normal course of business and if damages were awarded under these actions, the Corporation and its subsidiaries would make a claim under their liability insurance which the Corporation believes would cover any damages which may become payable by the Corporation and its subsidiaries in connection with these actions.

2 Secord Avenue

An action was commenced against LDC in September 2008 in the Ontario Superior Court of Justice under the *Class Proceedings Act, 1992* (Ontario) seeking damages in the amount of \$30,000,000 as compensation for damages allegedly suffered as a result of a fire and explosion in an underground vault at 2 Secord Avenue on July 20, 2008. This action is at a preliminary stage. The statement of claim has been served on LDC, a statement of defence and third party claim have been served by LDC and a third party defence and counterclaim against LDC seeking damages in the amount of \$51,000,000 have been filed. A certification order has been issued. Affidavits of documents have been produced by LDC to the other parties and examinations for discovery have commenced and are continuing. Given the preliminary status of this action, it is not possible to reasonably quantify the effect, if any, of this action on the financial performance of the Corporation. If damages were awarded, LDC would make a claim under its liability insurance which the Corporation believes would cover any damages which may become payable by LDC in connection with the action.

On December 20, 2010, LDC was served with a statement of claim by the City seeking damages in the amount of \$2,000,000 as a result of the fire at 2 Secord Avenue. A statement of defence and a third party claim have been served. Given the preliminary status of this action, it is not possible to reasonably quantify the effect, if any, of this action on the financial performance of the Corporation. If damages were awarded, LDC would make a claim under its liability insurance which the Corporation believes would cover any damages which may become payable by LDC in connection with the action.

By order of the court dated January 24, 2012, the above actions and a smaller non-class action commenced in April 2009 involving the same incident will be tried at the same time or consecutively.

2369 Lakeshore Boulevard West

A third party action was commenced against LDC in October 2009 in the Ontario Superior Court of Justice under the *Class Proceedings Act, 1992* (Ontario) seeking damages in the amount of \$30,000,000 as compensation for damages allegedly suffered as a result of a fire in the electrical room at 2369 Lakeshore Boulevard West on March 19, 2009. Subsequently, in March 2010, the plaintiff in the main action amended its statement of claim to add LDC as a defendant. The plaintiff in the main action seeks damages in the amount of \$10,000,000 from LDC. Both actions are at a preliminary stage and the certification hearing has yet to occur. Statements of defence to the main action and to the third party claim have not been filed. Accordingly, given the preliminary status of these actions, it is not possible at this time to reasonably quantify the effect, if any, of these actions on the financial performance of the Corporation. If damages were awarded, LDC would make a claim under its liability insurance which the Corporation believes would cover any damages which may become payable by LDC in connection with these actions.

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On August 29, 2011, LDC was served with a statement of claim by the owner of the building and the property management company for the building seeking damages in the amount of \$2,000,000 as a result of the fire at 2369 Lakeshore Boulevard West. LDC has filed a statement of defence and counterclaim. Given the preliminary status of this action, it is not possible to reasonably quantify the effect, if any, of this action on the financial performance of the Corporation. If damages were awarded, LDC would make a claim under its liability insurance which the Corporation believes would cover any damages which may become payable by LDC in connection with the action.

b) OEB PILs Proceeding

The OEB conducted a review of the Payments In Lieu of Corporate Taxes [“PILs”] variances accumulated in regulatory variance accounts for the period from October 1, 2001 to April 30, 2006 for certain Municipal Electricity Utilities [“MEUs”]. On June 24, 2011, the OEB issued its decision for these MEUs and provided guidelines for the calculation and further disposition of the balances accumulated in the PILs regulatory variance accounts.

LDC reviewed the balance of its PILs regulatory variance accounts and applied the guidelines provided by the OEB. LDC applied for disposition of the balance as part of its IRM/ICM Application filed on May 10, 2012. The OEB issued its decision and order on April 2, 2013 approving the disposition of the balance. The impact was recorded previously in the Corporation’s consolidated financial statements.

17. NON-CASH WORKING CAPITAL BALANCES

Changes in non-cash working capital provided/(used) cash as follows:

	Three months ended March 31	
	2013 \$	2012 \$
Accounts receivable	(18,697)	(27,097)
Unbilled revenue	3,761	18,168
Income tax receivable	4,525	(3,266)
Inventories	(156)	274
Other current assets	(1,337)	(1,468)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	35,898	13,026
Restructuring accrual	(3,744)	16,640
Deferred conservation credit	5,492	8,472
Other current liabilities	57	(245)
	25,799	24,504

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18. SEASONAL OPERATIONS

The Corporation's quarterly results are impacted by changes in revenues resulting from variations in seasonal weather conditions, the fluctuations in electricity prices, and the timing and recognition of regulatory decisions. The Corporation's revenues tend to be higher in the first and third quarters of a year as a result of higher energy consumption for winter heating in the first quarter and air conditioning/cooling in the third quarter.

19. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified from financial statements previously presented to conform to the presentation of the March 31, 2013 interim consolidated financial statements.